

# Quarkus - Using the REST Client

This guide explains how to use the MicroProfile REST Client in order to interact with REST APIs with very little effort.



there is another guide if you need to write server [JSON REST APIs](#).

## Prerequisites

To complete this guide, you need:

- less than 15 minutes
- an IDE
- JDK 1.8+ installed with `JAVA_HOME` configured appropriately
- Apache Maven 3.5.3+

## Solution

We recommend that you follow the instructions in the next sections and create the application step by step. However, you can go right to the completed example.

Clone the Git repository: `git clone https://github.com/quarkusio/quarkus-quickstarts.git`, or download an [archive](#).

The solution is located in the `rest-client-quickstart` directory.

## Creating the Maven project

First, we need a new project. Create a new project with the following command:

```
mvn io.quarkus:quarkus-maven-plugin:1.2.0.Final:create \
  -DprojectId=org.acme \
  -DprojectArtifactId=rest-client-quickstart \
  -DclassName="org.acme.restclient.CountriesResource" \
  -Dpath="/country" \
  -Dextensions="rest-client, resteasy-jsonb"
cd rest-client-quickstart
```

This command generates the Maven project with a REST endpoint and imports the `rest-client` and `resteasy-jsonb` extensions.

# Setting up the model

In this guide we will be demonstrating how to consume part of the REST API supplied by the [restcountries.eu](https://restcountries.eu) service. Our first order of business is to setup the model we will be using, in the form of a `Country` POJO.

Create a `src/main/java/org/acme/restclient/Country.java` file and set the following content:

```
package org.acme.restclient;

import java.util.List;

public class Country {

    public String name;
    public String alpha2Code;
    public String capital;
    public List<Currency> currencies;

    public static class Currency {
        public String code;
        public String name;
        public String symbol;
    }
}
```

The model above is only a subset of the fields provided by the service, but it suffices for the purposes of this guide.

## Create the interface

Using the MicroProfile REST Client is as simple as creating an interface using the proper JAX-RS and MicroProfile annotations. In our case the interface should be created at `src/main/java/org/acme/restclient/CountriesService.java` and have the following content:

```

package org.acme.restclient;

import
org.eclipse.microprofile.rest.client.inject.RegisterRestClient;
import org.jboss.resteasy.annotations.jaxrs.PathParam;

import javax.ws.rs.GET;
import javax.ws.rs.Path;
import javax.ws.rs.Produces;
import java.util.Set;

@Path("/v2")
@RegisterRestClient
public interface CountriesService {

    @GET
    @Path("/name/{name}")
    @Produces("application/json")
    Set<Country> getByName(@PathParam String name);
}

```

The `getByName` method gives our code the ability to query a country by name from the REST Countries API. The client will handle all the networking and marshalling leaving our code clean of such technical details.

The purpose of the annotations in the code above is the following:

- `@RegisterRestClient` allows Quarkus to know that this interface is meant to be available for CDI injection as a REST Client
- `@Path`, `@GET` and `@PathParam` are the standard JAX-RS annotations used to define how to access the service
- `@Produces` defines the expected content-type



While `@Consumes` and `@Produces` are optional as auto-negotiation is supported, it is heavily recommended to annotate your endpoints with them to define precisely the expected content-types.

It will allow to narrow down the number of JAX-RS providers (which can be seen as converters) included in the native executable.

## Create the configuration

In order to determine the base URL to which REST calls will be made, the REST Client uses configuration from `application.properties`. The name of the property needs to follow a certain convention which is best displayed in the following code:

```
# Your configuration properties
org.acme.restclient.CountriesService/mp-
rest/url=https://restcountries.eu/rest # ①
org.acme.restclient.CountriesService/mp-
rest/scope=javax.inject.Singleton # ②
```

① Having this configuration means that all requests performed using `org.acme.restclient.CountriesService` will use `https://restcountries.eu/rest` as the base URL. Using the configuration above, calling the `getByName` method of `CountriesService` with a value of `France` would result in an HTTP GET request being made to `https://restcountries.eu/rest/v2/name/France`.

② Having this configuration means that the default scope of `org.acme.restclient.CountriesService` will be `@Singleton`. Supported scope values are `@Singleton`, `@Dependent`, `@ApplicationScoped` and `@RequestScoped`. The default scope is `@Dependent`. The default scope can also be defined on the interface.

Note that `org.acme.restclient.CountriesService` *must* match the fully qualified name of the `CountriesService` interface we created in the previous section.

To facilitate the configuration, you can use the `@RegisterRestClient configKey` property that allows to use another configuration root than the fully qualified name of your interface.

```
@RegisterRestClient(configKey="country-api")
public interface CountriesService {
    [...]
}
```

```
# Your configuration properties
country-api/mp-rest/url=https://restcountries.eu/rest #
country-api/mp-rest/scope=javax.inject.Singleton # /
```

## Update the JAX-RS resource

Open the `src/main/java/org/acme/restclient/CountriesResource.java` file and update it with the following content:

```

import org.eclipse.microprofile.rest.client.inject.RestClient;
import org.jboss.resteasy.annotations.jaxrs.PathParam;

import javax.inject.Inject;
import javax.ws.rs.GET;
import javax.ws.rs.Path;
import javax.ws.rs.Produces;
import javax.ws.rs.core.MediaType;
import java.util.Set;

@Path("/country")
public class CountriesResource {

    @Inject
    @RestClient
    CountriesService countriesService;

    @GET
    @Path("/name/{name}")
    @Produces(MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON)
    public Set<Country> name(@PathParam String name) {
        return countriesService.getByName(name);
    }
}

```

Note that in addition to the standard CDI `@Inject` annotation, we also need to use the MicroProfile `@RestClient` annotation to inject `CountriesService`.

## Update the test

We also need to update the functional test to reflect the changes made to the endpoint. Edit the `src/test/java/org/acme/restclient/CountriesResourceTest.java` file and change the content of the `testCountryNameEndpoint` method to:

```

package org.acme.restclient;

import io.quarkus.test.junit.QuarkusTest;
import org.junit.jupiter.api.Test;

import static io.restassured.RestAssured.given;
import static org.hamcrest.CoreMatchers.is;

@QuarkusTest
public class CountriesResourceTest {

    @Test
    public void testCountryNameEndpoint() {
        given()
            .when().get("/country/name/greece")
            .then()
                .statusCode(200)
                .body("$.size()", is(1),
                    "[0].alpha2Code", is("GR"),
                    "[0].capital", is("Athens"),
                    "[0].currencies.size()", is(1),
                    "[0].currencies[0].name", is("Euro"))
            );
    }
}

```

The code above uses [REST Assured's json-path](#) capabilities.

## Async Support

The rest client supports asynchronous rest calls. Let's see it in action by adding a `getByNameAsync` method in our `CountriesService` REST interface. The code should look like:

```

package org.acme.restclient;

import
org.eclipse.microprofile.rest.client.inject.RegisterRestClient;
import org.jboss.resteasy.annotations.jaxrs.PathParam;

import javax.ws.rs.GET;
import javax.ws.rs.Path;
import javax.ws.rs.Produces;
import java.util.concurrent.CompletionStage;
import java.util.Set;

@Path("/v2")
@RegisterRestClient
public interface CountriesService {

    @GET
    @Path("/name/{name}")
    @Produces("application/json")
    Set<Country> getByName(@PathParam String name);

    @GET
    @Path("/name/{name}")
    @Produces("application/json")
    CompletionStage<Set<Country>> getByNameAsync(@PathParam String
name);
}

```

Open the `src/main/java/org/acme/restclient/CountriesResource.java` file and update it with the following content:

```

package org.acme.restclient;

import org.eclipse.microprofile.rest.client.inject.RestClient;
import org.jboss.resteasy.annotations.jaxrs.PathParam;

import javax.inject.Inject;
import javax.ws.rs.GET;
import javax.ws.rs.Path;
import javax.ws.rs.Produces;
import javax.ws.rs.core.MediaType;
import java.util.concurrent.CompletionStage;
import java.util.Set;

@Path("/country")
public class CountriesResource {

    @Inject
    @RestClient
    CountriesService countriesService;

    @GET
    @Path("/name/{name}")
    @Produces(MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON)
    public Set<Country> name(@PathParam String name) {
        return countriesService.getByName(name);
    }

    @GET
    @Path("/name-async/{name}")
    @Produces(MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON)
    public CompletionStage<Set<Country>> nameAsync(@PathParam
String name) {
        return countriesService.getByNameAsync(name);
    }
}

```

To test asynchronous methods, add the test method below in `CountriesResourceTest`:

```
@Test
public void testCountryNameAsyncEndpoint() {
    given()
    .when().get("/country/name-async/greece")
    .then()
    .statusCode(200)
    .body("$.size()", is(1),
        "[0].alpha2Code", is("GR"),
        "[0].capital", is("Athens"),
        "[0].currencies.size()", is(1),
        "[0].currencies[0].name", is("Euro"))
    );
}
```

## Package and run the application

Run the application with: `./mvnw compile quarkus:dev`. Open your browser to <http://localhost:8080/country/name/greece>.

You should see a JSON object containing some basic information about Greece.

As usual, the application can be packaged using `./mvnw clean package` and executed using the `-runner.jar` file. You can also generate the native executable with `./mvnw clean package -Pnative`.

## Further reading

- [MicroProfile Rest Client specification](#)